A GREAT WAY TO

The Singapore Airlines Story

Established in 1972, Singapore Airlines has earned a reputation as a well-recognised brand known for its impeccable service standards and luxurious in-flight experiences. By Ang Seow Leng

Today, Singapore Airlines (SIA) is regularly described as being among the best airlines in the world. And this is not a new phenomenon. In 2020, the Business Traveller Asia-Pacific Awards gave SIA the overall award for Best Airline and Best Asia-Pacific Airline for the 20th year running.1

It should come as no surprise that SIA consistently strives for excellence. From very early on, the company had been told that the stakes were high. In October 1972, about 10 months after SIA was incorporated, Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew told the staff during the company's inaugural dinner: "I set up Singapore Airlines to make profits. If you don't make a profit, I am going to close down the airline."2

While SIA was officially incorporated in January 1972, the airline actually traces its history to the formation of Malayan Airways, which was set up in October

1937. That company was jointly owned by British Imperial Airways, Ocean Steamship Company of Liverpool and Straits Steamship Company in Singapore.

Malayan Airways was not the first local commercial airline to be set up in Malaya though. That honour belongs to Wearnes Air Services, a company owned by Wearne Brothers. When Kallang Airport was opened in June 1937 as Singapore's first purpose-built civil airport, Wearnes Air Services immediately launched flights to Kuala Lumpur and Penang. As air travel became more popular, the Singapore incorporated company extended its air service to more places such as Ipoh and Kota Bahru.3

With Wearnes already on the scene, and given the small size of the market, Malayan Airways decided to hold off operations. The subsequent outbreak of war and the Japanese Occupation meant

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that Malayan Airways only made its maiden commercial flight a decade after being set up. On 1 May 1947, an Airspeed Consul aircraft took off from Singapore and flew passengers to Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh and Penang.4

Malayan Airways was renamed Malaysian Airways in 1963 following the formation of the Federation of Malaysia with the merger of the Federation of Malaya with Singapore, North Borneo (Sabah) and Sarawak. Three years later, the airline's name was changed to Malaysia-Singapore Airlines after Singapore gained independence. At the time, the governments of Malaysia and Singapore had joint majority ownership of the airline.⁵

However, by 1971, the Singapore and Malaysian governments had developed differing aims for the airline. Singapore wanted Malaysia-Singapore Airlines to be a commercially viable international airline while Malaysia preferred to have a domestic airline. "The differences have become irreconcilable, and parting unavoidable," said Finance Minister Hon Sui Sen in Parliament.6

In January 1972, the Singapore government announced that the new name of Singapore's flag carrier would be Mercury Singapore Airlines.7 Malaysia, however, objected to this because it would mean that Singapore would end up keeping the initials MSA, thus benefitting from the brand recognition of the predecessor company.

The matter was eventually settled out of court in June that year. Under the agreement, Singapore would not use the name Mercury Singapore Airlines or the initials MSA. But the airline of each country could overprint its name as the Malaysian or Singapore successor in MSA advertisements so long as each airline paid the advertisement costs.8

In July 1972, Singapore announced that the new name of its airline would be Singapore Airlines and on 1 October, the airline's first flight, SQ 108, bound for Kuala Lumpur, took off at around 6.15 am.9

A New Beginning

After Malaysia-Singapore Airlines was split up, SIA absorbed more than \$180 million of its assets, including the Boeing fleet of five 707s and five 737-112s, and two Fokker F-27 Friendships. SIA also took over the Robinson Road headquarters, the Kriscom IBM computer reservation system, the engineering base and the airport flight kitchen in Paya Lebar, as well as the ramp servicing and transport equipment, and most of the overseas offices. The new airline operated the majority of the international routes of the former Malaysia-Singapore Airlines. 10



(Above) A Malayan Airways stewardess in a

(Left) A Singapore Airlines A380 landing at Sydney Airport, 2021. Photo by Troy Mortier



SIA's first managing director was Lim Chin Beng. His vision was for SIA to appeal to international travellers since Singapore did not have a domestic market. He said: "At that time, we consciously did not have local food on board because it was for the international travellers, not for Singapore travellers... So, the décor, the aircraft, the food, everything should be for the international travellers but with the Asian courtesy and the Asian touch."11

The management under Lim immediately began negotiating for landing rights to ensure minimal disruptions to services. Two of the earliest landing rights agreements obtained were with Indonesia in September 1972 and Pakistan the following month.12

To expand and fly to new destinations, SIA needed more planes. In 1978, the airline made headlines because it signed a \$2.1 billion agreement with Boeing in one of the largest ever single civilian aircraft deals at the time. The agreement was to purchase 10 Boeing 747s with an option to acquire three more, and four 727s with options to buy another two. In 1992, SIA showed that it was still willing to make big investments when it signed a contract for 20 Airbus Industrie A340-300 airplanes at a cost of \$4.34 billion.¹³

All this has resulted in the airline consistently having a large, but young fleet of airplanes. Today, the SIA Group (including subsidiaries) has a combined passenger network covering almost 100 destinations. 14

Branding and the Singapore Girl

The SIA logo was conceptualised by San Francisco design firm Landor Associates in 1972. The logo of a golden bird, against a deep midnight blue tail, was chosen to "[reflect] the modernity and sophistication" of SIA. All SIA aircrafts have been carrying this distinctive livery ever since with only a subtle change in 1987 when new gold, blue and yellow accents were introduced. 15

Arguably the most distinctive trademark about SIA is the form-fitting batik sarong kebaya uniform worn by its stewardesses. The uniform was designed by French couturier Pierre Balmain in 1968 for Malaysia-Singapore Airlines. In 1974. Balmain made minor revisions to the uniform, retaining the air stewardess sarong kebaya but introducing new three-piece outfits for the ground stewardesses and female ticketing staff. The sarong kebaya - with its vibrant coloured floral motifs and patterned border batik print – is tailormade for each crew member. 16

Batey Advertising developed SIA's memorable branding, focusing on its key inflight service, the iconic "Singapore

Collection, courtesy of National Archives of Singapore.

Girl" and the airline slogan "Singapore Airlines - A Great Way to Fly". The agency has won several international awards for this campaign.¹⁷

Such was the fame of the Singapore Girl that when Madame Tussaud's wax museum in London wanted to have a waxwork figure to reflect the growing popularity of international travel, it chose to use an SIA stewardess, modelled after stewardess Lim Suet Kwee. 18 A refresh of the Singapore Girl wax figure in 2015 featured Nur Surya Mohamed Ambiah, who was selected from among 4,500 female crew members.19

Airline food is typically a punchline for many a joke. SIA, however, takes food seriously and places an emphasis on the preparation, choice of cuisine and presentation of meals. In 1998, the airline pioneered the concept of assembling an international cast of chefs on the Singapore Airlines International Culinary Panel to create up-to-date menus reflecting the latest food trends.²⁰ In 2021, SIA won the Skytrax World Airline Award for Best Economy Class Airline Catering.21

Trials and Tribulations

Passengers boarding a Singapore Airlines plane at Changi Airport, 1981. Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore

In the early years, SIA had to work hard to obtain traffic and landing rights, which were not easily attainable. Initially, the British government did not allow SIA to land

in London. Managing Director Lim Chin Beng recalled that the negotiations went on "for months and months and months".22 SIA eventually took a huge gamble, with support from the Singapore government, to serve notice to terminate its agreement with the British Overseas Airways Corporation (now known as British Airways) that allowed the airline to land in Singapore.

Lim explained that "under all air services agreement, there is a clause to say that you can give 12 months' notice of termination... So, in 12 months' time, if there is no agreement, they have to stop operating to Singapore".23 The unions at the airport also applied pressure by going slow on British Overseas Airways Corporation aircrafts.

The British high commissioner to Singapore, Arthur de la Mare, went to see Prime Minister Lee Kwan Yew about this and the latter told him "to get his government to be reasonable. A British airline could land in Singapore but a Singapore airline was denied landing rights in London". Within weeks, SIA finally managed to obtain landing rights in London to fly on one of the main trunk routes of the world: London-Singapore-Sydney. "Once we did that, all the European countries got in line," said Lim. "So, we got London, we got Paris."24

The newly established airline was also labelled as an upstart, a maverick and a pirate.25 In 1981, West Germany waged a campaign against SIA for selling discounted tickets. SIA offices in Frankfurt and Dusseldorf were reportedly visited by German tax officials on five occasions, and there were also increased frequencies of checks on SIA flights, resulting in delays and embarrassed passengers. Talks between Singapore and West German civil aviation officials eventually put an end to the disturbances.26

Not all of SIA's challenges were from abroad. In 1980, members of the Singapore Airlines Pilots Association (SIAPA) sought to exert pressure on the airline to accede to their demands for higher wages, allowances and other benefits by

(Above right) A Singapore Airlines baggage tag, 1970s. Collection of the National Museum of Singapore, National Heritage Board.

(Right) Singapore Airlines stewardess See Biew Wah with French designer Pierre Balmain, creator of the sarong kebaya uniform, and Madeleine Kohler, Balmain's Director of Creations and Special Projects, c. 1972. Singapore Airlines Collection, courtesy of National Archives of Singapore.

resorting to work-to-rule, go-slows and unnecessary medical leave. These caused disruptions to flight schedules and harmed SIA's reputation and operations.²⁷

During that period, 30 pilots disrupted 16 scheduled flights through their refusal to work beyond the 12-hour duty time limit laid down under the company collective agreement. After the dispute was referred to the Industrial Arbitration Court, two further flight delays continued.28

On 1 December 1980, Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew intervened and warned the SIAPA executives, telling them that he did not want to do them in but he "won't allow anyone to do Singapore in". Subsequently, some of the SIAPA officials were charged with illegal industrial action and SIAPA was deregistered.29

In 2003, some 23 years later, another major dispute over wages broke out and Lee, now Senior Minister, stepped in again. He warned SIA management and the pilots that if the matter continued to escalate, there would be "broken heads." The Ministry of Manpower and the Industrial Arbitration Court mediated between SIA and the Airline Pilots' Association Singapore to eventually reach an agreement on wage cuts, no-pay leave and compensation payment.31

On 26 March 1991 - in an event that gripped the nation – flight SQ 117 was hijacked shortly after departing Kuala Lumpur after 9 pm. Carrying 114 passengers and 11 crew members, the Airbus A310 landed at Changi Airport at 10.24 pm. The leader of the four hijackers demanded to speak with the Pakistani ambassador to



VOL. 18 ISSUE 02

Singapore and former Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto, as well as the release of jailed members of the Pakistan People's Party in Pakistan.

CABIN BAGGAGE

IN PASSENGER'S OWN CARE

They also demanded that the plane fly to Sydney after refuelling. The destination was later changed multiple times to Iraq, Libya, Brunei and Indonesia. By early dawn, the hijackers threatened to kill one passenger every 10 minutes if their demands were not met.³²

As the negotiations showed signs of breaking down, an elite rescue team stormed the plane and in a decisive 30-second sweep, killed all four hijackers without injuring any of the hostages.33





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SilkAir, which served the regional routes, merged with SIA in September 2021.39

In 2020, SIA encountered what can be described as one of the most challenging moments in its history. The Covid-19 pandemic forced global travel to a standstill, and the airline reported its first net loss of \$212 million in its 48-year history for the financial year ending in March 2020.40 To help cope with the short-term liquidity risk, SIA reached out to an unprecedented number of sources for funding and raised \$22.4 billion in liquidity between April 2020 and May 2022, including \$15 billion from shareholders.41

In October 2020, with most of the planes grounded, SIA transformed several A380 double-decker superjumbo jets into "Restaurant A380" offering Singapore residents a unique dining experience, and also provided the airline's signature meals delivered to homes. Singapore residents could also go for guided tours at the SIA training facility where they had a chance to interact with pilots and cabin crew, and even check out the flight stimulators at an extra charge.42

Flying Once Again

With the easing of restrictions and borders opening, air travel has begun to pick up. In December 2021, SIA announced a net profit of \$85 million during the third guarter since the onset of the pandemic, thanks to expanded vaccinated travel lane

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arrangements and cargo revenue.43 In May 2022, the airline reported a lower net loss of \$962 million for the financial year ending in March 2022, compared with \$4.3 billion a year earlier. Revenue also increased to \$7.6 billion, from \$3.8 billion.44

In an interview with the Straits Times in May 2022, chief executive officer of SIA, Goh Choon Phong, said that in the second guarter of 2022, the airline was at about 61 percent of pre-pandemic capacity compared to an average of 20 percent of pre-pandemic capacity for

the other airlines in this region. He told the newspaper he was confident that the rapid growing economies in Asia would foster strong demands for business travel. 45

SIA cabin crew stand ready to welcome diners on board Restaurant A380 @Changi in October 2020.

The opening of SIA's new flagship SilverKris and KrisFlyer Gold lounges at Changi Airport Terminal 3 in May 2022 also showed SIA's "confidence in Singapore's future as a pre-eminent global air hub".46 So long as SIA sticks to its guiding principle of striving for excellence, it will undoubtedly continue to be a great way to fly.

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