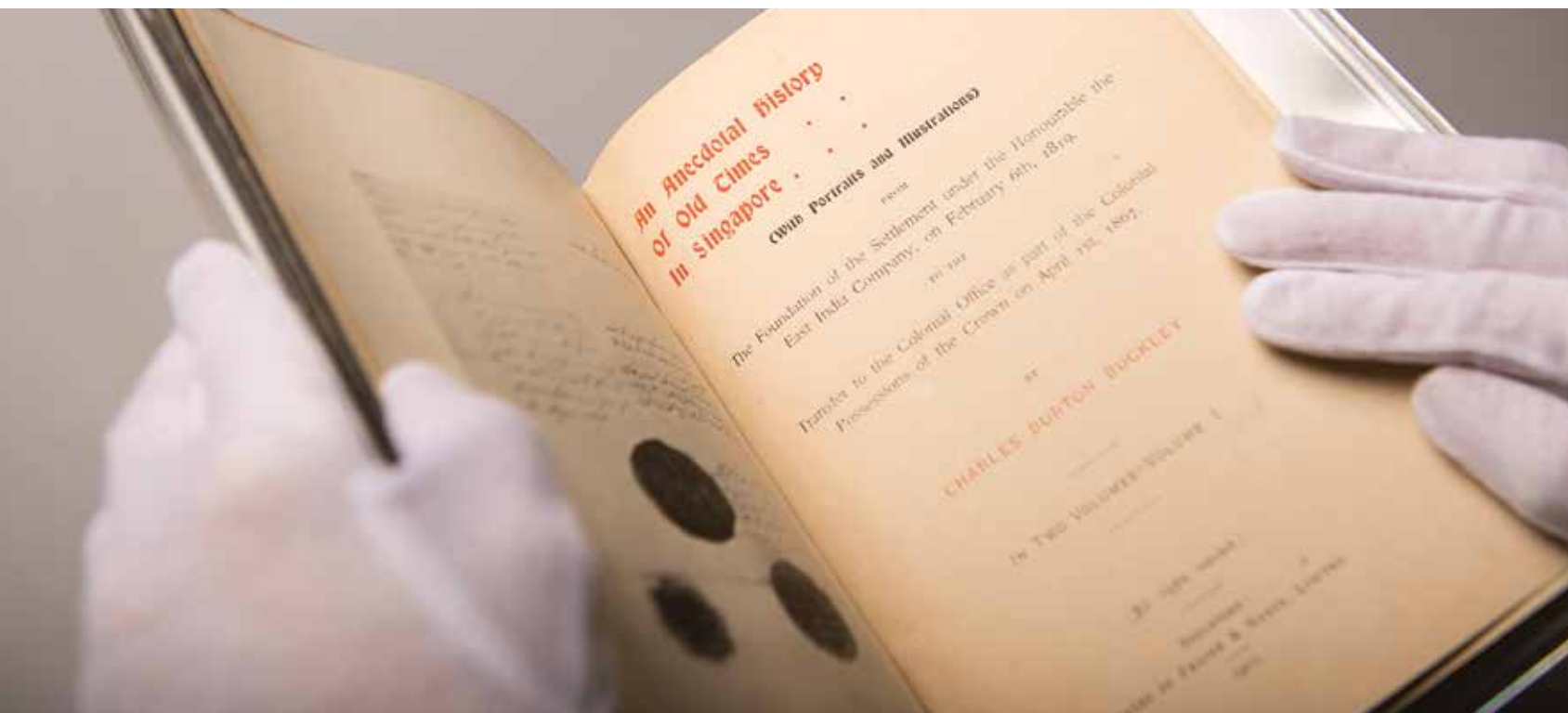


AN EXPAT'S IMPRESSIONS OF SINGAPORE



Title: *An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore: [with portraits and illustrations] From the Foundation of the Settlement Under the Honourable the East India Company, on February 6th, 1819, to the Transfer to the Colonial Office as Part of the Colonial Possessions of the Crown on April 1st, 1867*

Author: Charles Burton Buckley (1844–1912)

Year published: 1902

Publisher: Fraser & Neave (Singapore)

Language: English

Type: Book (2 volumes); 812 pages in total

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B06616729D (v.2)

Copies donated by: Mrs Loke Yew, Tan Yeok Seong and Yeh Sui-Yen

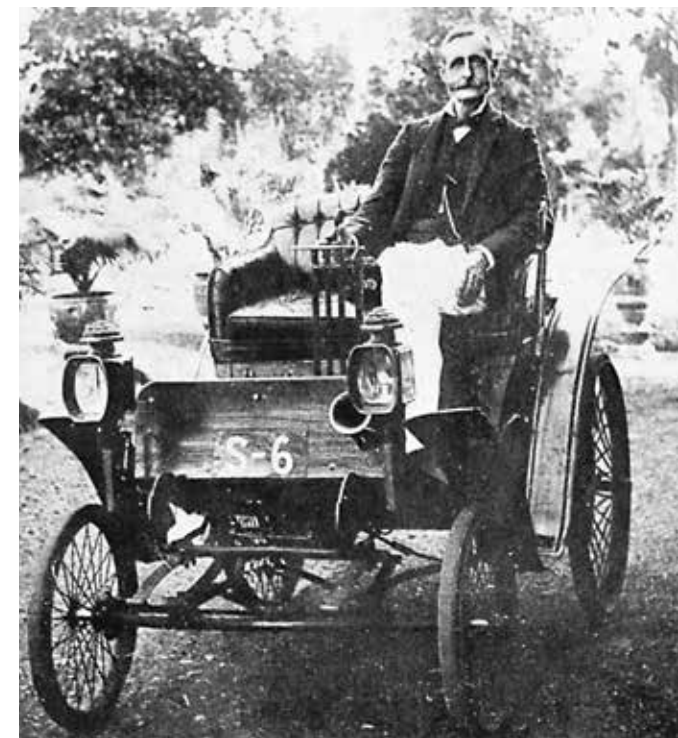
Love it or hate it, most people find expatriates' accounts of Singapore endlessly fascinating. One of the earliest newspaper columnists was Charles Burton Buckley, whose writings on Singapore were published as early as 1902 – the first of its kind at the time.

This two-volume work spans 48 years of Singapore history from its founding in 1819 to the transfer from the British East India Company to the Colonial Office in 1867. There are a total of six complete sets in the National Library. One set is part of the Gibson-Hill Collection, two sets belong to the Ya Yin Kwan Collection and another set was donated by Yeh Sui-Yen.

Organised in a chronological order, the publication is not so much a serious academic work but a collection of

Title page of *An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore*, with the frontispiece featuring the last page of the treaty Stamford Raffles signed with Sultan Husain Shah of Johor and Temenggung Abdul Rahman on 6 February 1819 to establish a trading post on the island of Singapore. Image source: National Library Board, Singapore.

Buckley's lighthearted columns aimed at entertaining the local reading public.¹ The columns were written by Buckley for the *Singapore Free Press*, along with some new information.² *An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore* is nevertheless an important publication as it offers a selected archive of historical documents that may no longer be available besides acting as a useful reference guide to the who's who in the Singapore of the time.³



"An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore."

From the Foundation of the Settlement, on February 6th, 1819, to the Transfer to the Colonial Office on April 1st, 1867; with 20 portraits, maps, and illustrations.

By Charles Burton Buckley.

In two volumes in paper covers.

The Book will be on sale at Messrs. John Little & Co., Ltd. on and after Monday next, the 9th February, at the price of \$8.50 for the two volumes.

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(Far left) Charles Burton Buckley in his Mercedes Benz, the first car brand imported into Singapore. All rights reserved, Makepeace, W., Brooke, G. E., & Braddell, R. St. J. (1921). *One Hundred Years of Singapore* (Vol. II). London: John Murray.

(Left) An advertisement of the book in *The Straits Times* dated 6 February 1903. The book was on sale at the department store John Little & Company in Commercial Square (present-day Raffles Place). © *The Straits Times*.

Buckley, who spent all his adult life in Singapore – almost 50 years – came to Singapore when he was only 20 years old, following the advice of William Henry Macleod Read, who gave him a job at A. L. Johnston & Company. Buckley worked there for 11 years, and then spent a short time at the Chendras Gold Mine near Melaka. He returned to Singapore to study law after that and was appointed assistant to Thomas Braddell, the Attorney-General. Subsequently, he became a partner in Rodyk & Davidson until his retirement in 1904.⁴

In 1884, Buckley and 32 subscribers bought over the *Singapore Free Press* and resumed its weekly publication. The paper had been Singapore's second English-language newspaper after the *Singapore Chronicle* (see page 114) and was in circulation for more than 30 years until it ceased publication in 1869.⁵

It was then that Buckley had the idea of compiling an anecdotal account of the past from the archives of the *Singapore Free Press* to fill up the content in the newspaper. But as there was no lack of current news to write about, the newspaper became so successful that it was converted into a daily paper within three years, and was eventually handed over to professionals to manage.⁶

Buckley wrote about how he got started on his book in the preface. He "had columns of the history [articles] cut out of the [*Singapore Free Press*] newspaper, sewn into a book, and interleaved. This was sent to Mr W. H. Read,

who passed it on to Mr James Guthrie. Their remarks, additions, and corrections were added to others which came in from various quarters, owing to the publicity in the newspaper".⁷

These newspaper clippings and Buckley's own personal reminiscences contain much information on Singapore affairs and personalities between 1819 and 1867.⁸ As an amateur actor and musician, Buckley was a popular figure in the European community's social circles and would perform in local music and theatre groups. He was also active in charity work, and from the year he arrived in Singapore until his last Christmas in 1911, he threw Christmas parties for children every year on Boxing Day.⁹

Buckley's active social life in Malaya and Singapore provided ample fodder for his columns. But given the nature of his writings, readers have pointed out errors¹⁰ in dates, and names of people and places – suggesting not only inaccuracies but also bias in his columns.

Buckley passed away on 22 May 1912 while on a trip back to England. He had been suffering from chronic bronchitis and heart trouble before the trip and his condition deteriorated while he was overseas.¹¹

Comprising 57 chapters and about 400 pages per volume, the title was first published in 1902 by Fraser & Neave. It was reprinted in 1965 by the University of Malaya Press in Kuala Lumpur, and then again in 1984 by the Oxford University Press; the 1984 edition included an

introduction by Constance Mary Turnbull, a well-known expert on Singapore history. The most recent edition was published in 2012 by General Books LLC in Memphis, USA. ♦ Ang Seow Leng

Notes

- 1 The late Mr Charles Burton Buckley. (1912, May 24). *The Singapore Free Press and Mercantile Advertiser* (1884–1942), p. 7. Retrieved from NewspaperSG.
- 2 Lockard, C. A. (1986, Autumn). *Reviewed work: An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore*, by Charles Burton Buckley. *Pacific Affairs*, 59(3), 545. Retrieved from JSTOR.
- 3 Means, G. P. (1967, May). *Review: An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore*, by Charles Burton Buckley. *The Journal of Asian Studies*, 26(3), 531. Retrieved from JSTOR.
- 4 Buckley, C. B. (1984). *An anecdotal history of old times in Singapore: From the foundation of the settlement ... on February 6th, 1819 to the transfer to the Colonial Office ... on April 1st, 1867* [pp. v–vi]. Singapore: Oxford University Press. Call no.: RSING 959.57 BUC-[HIS]
- 5 National Library Board. (2005, June 15). *The Singapore Free Press* written by Naidu, Ratna Thulaja. Retrieved from Singapore Infopedia.
- 6 Buckley, 1984, p. ix.
- 7 Bastin, J. (1968). *Review: An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore*, by Charles Burton Buckley. *Toung Pao*, Second Series, 54(1/3), 159. Retrieved from JSTOR.
- 8 Gibson-Hill, C. A. (1954, May). *Review: An Anecdotal History of Old Times in Singapore*, by Charles Burton Buckley. *Journal of the Malayan Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society*, 27(1), 241. Retrieved from JSTOR.
- 9 National Library Board. (2006). *Charles Burton Buckley* written by Chia, Yeong Jia Joshua. Retrieved from Singapore Infopedia.
- 10 Gibson-Hill, May 1954, p. 241.
- 11 *The Singapore Free Press and Mercantile Advertiser* (1884–1942), 24 May 1912, p. 7.